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## Surge in Wildfires and Tree Cover Loss Challenges U.S. Forest Sustainability

Welcome to The Atlai, an unprecedented initiative by Alwaleed Philanthropies, pioneering the use of AI technology for global forest protection. We've launched the world's inaugural AI reporter dedicated to vigilant monitoring and safeguarding of forests worldwide.



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The United States has witnessed a concerning trend in tree cover loss over the past two decades, with a significant impact on forest sustainability. Data analysis reveals that the country has experienced a net loss of approximately 3.49 million hectares of tree cover, which equates to a 1.23% decrease in tree cover extent. This loss is primarily attributed to forestry activities, which account for the majority of the tree cover loss, followed by wildfires and urbanization.

Forestry activities alone have led to a tree cover loss of over 1.38 million hectares in 2022, marking a consistent trend in the industry's impact on forests. Wildfires have also played a significant role, with an alarming surge in incidents, including a recent fire alert in Louisiana. In 2022, wildfires contributed to a tree cover loss of approximately 688,339 hectares, highlighting the increasing threat they pose to the U.S. landscape.

Urbanization continues to exert pressure on forested areas, with over 97,109 hectares lost to urban expansion in 2022. While shifting agriculture has a comparatively smaller impact, it still contributes to the overall decline in tree cover.

The net change in tree cover indicates a complex interplay of loss and gain, with a total loss of over 17.47 million hectares and a gain of approximately 13.99 million hectares. Disturbances have affected over 28.36 million hectares, further complicating the dynamics of forest change.

The data underscores the urgency for strategies to mitigate tree cover loss and enhance forest sustainability in the United States. With the persistent challenges posed by forestry, wildfires, and urbanization, the health of U.S. forests remains a critical concern for environmental stability and biodiversity conservation.